

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF	THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING
1.1 Product Identifier Product name Product description Product type	ARKOS BLITZ 500 20W 50 JASO MA2 Engine oil Liquid
1.2 Identified uses Distribution of substance Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures Manufacture of substance Functional Fluids	Industrial Industrial Industrial Industrial
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety Supplier/Manufacturer	y data sheet APAR Industries Limited 18 T.T.C., M.I.D.C. Industrial Area, Thane Belapur Road, Rabale, Navi Mumbai – 400701. India. +91 22 61110444 (Office hours 9.30am to 17.00pm) www.apar.com
e- mail address of person responsible for this SDS1.4 Emergency telephone number	+91 9833811132
SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIF	
2.1 Classification of the substance or n Product definition Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) N Asp. Tox. 1, H304 The product is classified as hazardous accordi See Section 16 for the full text of the H statem 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms	to. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] ng to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary statements	Danger H 304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Prevention Response

Storage Disposal

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSTION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS								
3.2 Mixtures	Mixture							
Product/Ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре				
Distillate (petroleum), hydro treated Heavy Paraffinic, C24-50 Solvent Extd. dewaxed hydrogenated	CAS: 64742-54-7,	80 - 90	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]				
Zinc dialkyl Dithiophosphate	(CAS No) 68649-42-3 Proprietary	1-2,4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam.	[1]				



Alkaryl amine (Additive) Pro Organomolybdenum amide	roprietary	1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

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4.1 Description of first aid measures	
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist.
Inhalation	If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If casualty is unconscious and: If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Maintain an open airway.
Skin contact	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Handle with care and dispose of in a safe manner. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists.
	Accidental high pressure injection through the skin requires immediate medical attention. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
Ingestion	Always assume that aspiration has occurred. Do not induce vomiting. Can enter lungs and cause damage. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Seek professional medical attention or send the casualty to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
ngooloi	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person
	providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
	Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry
Protection of first-aiders	into confined spaces.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed							
Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.							
Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.							
No known significant effects or critical hazards.							
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.							
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed							
Notes to physicianDue to low viscosity there is a risk of aspiration if the product enters the lungs. Treat symptomatically.Specific treatmentsAlways assume that aspiration has occurred.							

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES						
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Water spray or foam. Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.					
5.2 Special hazards arising from the	substance or mixture					
Hazards from the substance	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.					
or mixture Hazardous thermal	This substance will float and can be reignited on surface water.					
decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.					



5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEA	SE MEASURES
6.1 Personal precautions, protective equ	ipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed ,are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current
	direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken.
	Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate.
	Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons.
	Note : gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated.
	Respiratory protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H2S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations.
	In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents.
	If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment

Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.
See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
RAGE
Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
RAGE
Store separately from oxidising agents.



Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Not suitable : Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable/combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Not available Not available

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s). 8.1 Control parameters

	L	
Occupational	exposure	limits

Product/Ingredient name		Exposure limits values					
Distillate (petroleum), hydro treated He	avy Naphthenic	PEL 5 mg/m3 Mist.					
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring					
	may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace						
	biological ager of procedures	Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and hts) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for ion of hazardous substances will also be required.					
8.2 Exposure Control	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.						
Appropriate engineering Controls							
		prearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,					
Individual protection measures Hygiene measures	and safety show	smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations wers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.					
Eye/face protection	Recommendee	. Surcy glasses with side sincids.					
Skin protection	4 - 8 hours (bro	eakthrough time): nitrile rubber					
Hand protection	Wear protectiv	re clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.					
Body protection	otection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this pro-						
Other skin protection	Respirator sele working limits	ction must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe s of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an lard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.					
Respiratory protection	Emissions from requirements	m ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.					

Environmental exposure controls

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHE	MICAL PROPERTIES
Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Yellow to Brown
Odor	Motor oil odor
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/Pour point	< -21°C (ASTM D-97)
Flash point	> 210°C ,COC (ASTM D 92)
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Flammability limits in air,	Not available
lower, % by volume	
Flammability limits in air,	Not available
upper, % by volume	
Vapour pressure	\leq 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010
Density	0.890 max at 15°C
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient	Not available
(n-octanol/water)	
Decomposition temperature	No Data
Auto-ignition temperature	> 300°C



Viscosity, Kinematic at 100°C (212°F)	18.5 mm ² /s (100 °C) (ASTM D445)	
Explosive properties	No Data	
Oxidizing properties	No Data	
DMSO extractable compounds for base oil	Not available	
substance(s) according to IP346	< 3%	

SECTION TO STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous Reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
•	Oxidising agent.		
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.		
10.5 Incompatible materials	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases,		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic		
products	compounds.		

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillate (petroleum), hydro treated Heavy	vy LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists Rat >5.53 mg/l		>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
Paraffinic, C 24-50 solvent dewaxed	LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5000 mg/kg		-	
hydrogenated	LD50 Oral Rat		>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 fish 1	Fish 1	4,4 mg/l	96 hours
Zinc dialkyl Dithiophosphate	EC50 Daphnia 1	Daphnia 1	5,4 mg/kg	48 hours
Alkaryl amine (Additive)	LD 50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000mg/kg	-
Organomolybdenum	LD 50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
amide	LD 50 Oral	Rat	>2000mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion				
Skin	No known significant effects or critical ha			
Eye	No known significant effects or critical ha			
Respiratory Sensitisation	No known significant effects or critical ha	azards.		
Skin	No known significant effects or critical ha	zarda		
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical ha			
Mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or a		it greater than 0.1% are	mutagenic or genotoxic
SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL IN		ny components present t	a greater than 0.170 the	indugenie of genotokie.
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based or	an severely hydrotreate	ed distillate. The produc	et should not be regarded
	as a carcinogen.			
Reproductive toxicity	Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to re	eproduction.		
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified	1		
- single exposure				
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified			
- repeated exposure	Not classified			
Aspiration hazard	A minution homenal. Cottone mult			
1	Aspiration hazard - Category 1			
Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.			
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transi-	1		
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevate		se respiratory irritation	
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical ha	azards.		
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airw	/ays.		
Potential chronic health effects				
General	No known significant effects or critical ha	azards.		
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on	an severely hydrotreate	d distillate. The product	should not be regarded
	as a carcinogen.		1	C C
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical ha	azards.		
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Product/ingredient name	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Other information	No known significant effects of critical nazards. Not available.			
Specific hazard				
SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFO				



12.1 Toxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.	
12.2 Persistence and degradability	Not inherently biodegradable.	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.	
12.4 Mobility in soil	Not considered mobile.	
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB	Not applicable.	
Assessment		
12.6 Other adverse effects	Insoluble in water. Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms.	
	Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.	

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorizations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organization, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal. Yes

Hazardous waste

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

European waste catalogue (EWC)

European waste eatalogue (EWC)	
Waste code	Waste designation
13 03 07*	mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled.

Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATI

International transport regulations

	ADR/ RID	ADN	IMO/IMDG Classification	ICAO/IATA Classification
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for User

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)			
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to	authorization		
Annex XIV	None of the components are listed.		
Substances of very high concern	None of the components are listed.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the	Not applicable.		
manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures			
and articles			
Other EU regulations			
Seveso D	This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.		
International Lists	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*	



National Inventory

Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s). 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment			
SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION			
Revision comments	Not available.		
Legend to abbreviations			
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.		
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.		
IMDG – CODE	International maritime dangerous goods code.		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.		
IATA	International air transport association.		
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.		
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].		
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.		
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC)		
	No. 1907/2006].		
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.		
LD 50	Median lethal dose.		
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.		

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue Version	H304 May be fatal if swallowd Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRA' 1 st October 2020. January 2019 02	ed and enters airways. TION HAZARD - Category 1.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not

to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.